

## 高雄醫學大學附設醫院 EBM月會

Determination of multiple allergenspecific IgE by microfluidic immunoassay cartridge

檢驗醫學部

R1 楊豐碩/指導醫師:林宜靜主任

2013.02.04





# 第一部份: 情境分析與提出臨床問題



## 臨床情境 (Clinical Scenario)

• 檢驗醫學部收到小兒科醫師會辦簽呈: 有廠商研發出「百敏析特異性過敏原微流體 檢測平台(BioIC Allergen Specific-IgE Detection Kit (microfluidic-based immunoassay microarrays )」。因所需檢體 量僅需血液0.1 cc,適合新生兒及小兒採血困 難的病患。且每個檢體只需40分鐘檢測時間。 因此建議引進此種檢驗方法。



### 所形成的臨床問題

#### 臨床單位的訴求

- · 想新增BioIC檢驗
  - 檢體量少,適合小兒科 病人
  - 可快速檢驗過敏原

#### 檢驗單位的疑問

- 本院目前用來檢驗過敏原的方法有哪些?
  - →ImmunoCAP, MAST CLA
- BioIC的檢驗方式是否有足 夠的證據支持?
- 若真的要新增此檢驗項目, 設備及試劑成本如何?是否 有健保給付?



## EBM的步驟

- Asking
  - 將臨床問題寫成PICO
- Acquire
  - 找資料來回答問題
- Appraisal
  - 一嚴格評讀文獻
- Apply
  - -是否可應用到病人身上

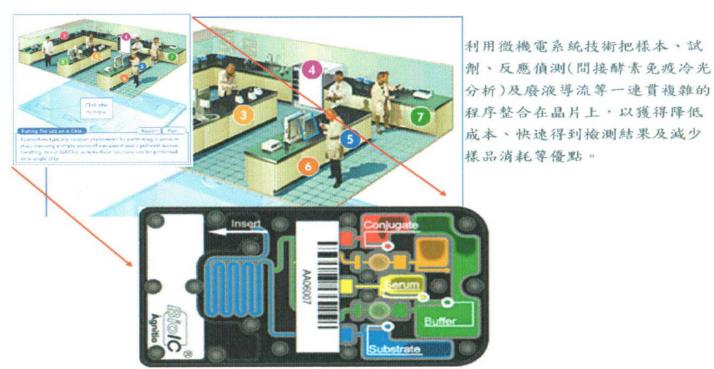




## **Background Questions**

 BioIC Allergen Specific-IgE Detection Kit (microfluidic-based immunoassay microarrays) 是甚麼?

#### 微流體實驗室晶片

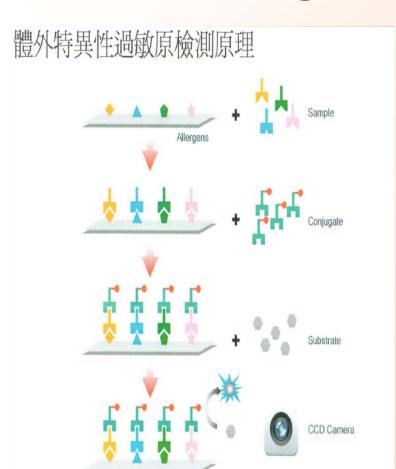


分析)及廢液導流等一連貫複雜的 程序整合在晶片上, 以獲得降低 成本、快速得到檢測結果及減少 樣品消耗等優點。





## **Background Questions**



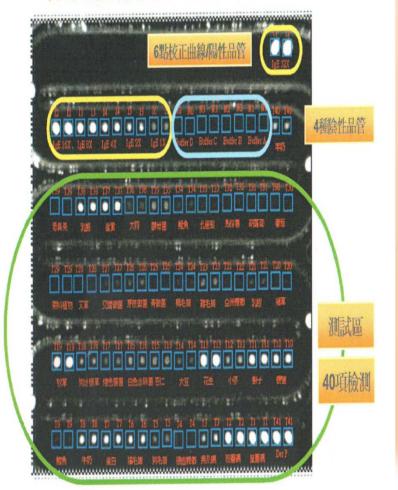






## Microarray

## BiolC微流體晶片反應影像







#### 過敏原檢測項目 [型號:AD40]



























過敏原	編號
蕃茄	F25
胡蘿蔔	F31
馬鈴薯	F35
奇異果	F84
大蒜	F47
花生	F13
大豆	F14
小麥	F4
杏仁	F20
鮭魚	F41
鱈魚	F3
螃蟹	F23
蝦子	F24
孔雀蛤	F37
牛奶	F2
羊奶	F300
乳酪(乾酪型)	F81
蛋白	F1
蛋黃	F75
酵母菌	F45

過敏原	編號
蕃茄	F25
胡蘿蔔	F31
馬鈴薯	F35
奇異果	F84
大蒜	F47
花生	F13
大豆	F14
小麥	F4
杏仁	F20
鮭魚	F41
鱈魚	F3
螃蟹	F23
蝦子	F24
孔雀蛤	F37
牛奶	F2
羊奶	F300
乳酪(乾酪型)	F81
蛋白	F1
蛋黃	F75





































2.5小時可發出 40 份報告結果



## Foreground Questions

BioIC Allergen Specific-IgE Detection Kit (microfluidic-based immunoassay microarrays)在過敏原偵測的能力如何?
 (BioIC是否比ImmunoCAP或MAST CLA有更高的靈敏度、特異性?)





### **PICO**

P

Patient/Problem

 Pediatric patients suffered from allergic disease.

Intervention

BioIC

C

Comparison

ImmunoCAP or MAST CLA

O

Outcome

 Sensitivity, specificity of allergenspecific IgE detection



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  - 一是否可應用到病人身上





## 搜尋UpToDate

· 關鍵字: "Allergy test or Allergen"









Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Overview of in vitro allergy tests
Content	In vitro tests for allergy must be
	interpreted in the context of the patient's
	specific clinical history. A positive test
	for allergen-specific IgE confirms the
	presence of the antibody only; actual
	reactivity must be determined by history
	or supervised challenge.
	legione Yichina Lin 1973





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Overview of in vitro allergy tests
Content	The sensitivity and specificity of immunoassays vary with the system being used and the quality of the allergen. Overall, sensitivity ranges from 60~95% and specificity from 30~95%. In comparison, skin prick/puncture tests generally have high sensitivity and specificity (>85%) when standardized inhalant extracts with high potency are used.





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Overview of in vitro allergy tests
Content	Immunoassays are commonly used in vitro
	tests for IgE-mediated allergy. Skin testing
	is usually preferred to in vitro testing for the
	diagnosis of allergic disease(?). However, in
	vitro testing poses no risk to the patient, is
	not affected by medications, and is
	convenient. In a few clinical situations, in
	vitro testing may be superior to skin testing.
	Jegnane Victoria a Lin 195





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Overview of in vitro allergy tests
Content	Serum levels of total IgE are of limited utility in the diagnosis of allergic
	diseases. (An ↑ total IgE may indicate that the patient has an atopic condition,
	→ it provides no information about
	which allergens the patient is sensitive to.)
	legane Victoria I in 153





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Overview of in vitro allergy tests
Content	At least for some foods, that the level of
	specific IgE as measured by one specific
	commercial system, Phadia ImmunoCAP®,
	may be more predictive than skin testing for
	diagnosing true clinical reactivity upon
	ingestion. The studies that demonstrated this
	were performed in children, and
	generalizability to adults has not yet been
	confirmed. (無MAST CLA資料) Jeanne Yiching Lin @





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Diagnostic evaluation of food allergy
Content	The elements in the evaluation of food
	allergy include history, PE, skin testing,
	in vitro testing, elimination diets, food
	diaries, and various types of food
	challenges.
	Jeanne Yiching Lin (23)





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Diagnostic evaluation of food allergy
Content	A (+) skin test to a particular food only indicates the <b>possibility</b> that the patient has true allergy to that food. The specificity of skin testing for foods varies from 50~95%.





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Diagnostic evaluation of food allergy
Content	A (-) skin test result indicates absence of
	an IgE-mediated allergy upon
	subsequent challenge with a 90~95%
	predictive accuracy.
	Peanne YiChina Lin (513)





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Diagnostic evaluation of food allergy
Content	Sensitivity of IgE immunoassays varies
	among different foods. Immunoassays
	have demonstrated very high positive
	predictive accuracy in children for
	several of the major food allergens. (egg,
	milk, peanut, tree nuts, and fish: positive
	predictive accuracy of 95% for a
	reaction on challenge)





Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Future diagnostic tools for food allergy
Content	Research is promising for improved diagnostics for IgE-mediated allergy, using recombinant allergens, IgE-binding epitopes, and microarrays. (無BioIC資料)
	Jeanne Yiching Lin



## Searching Strategy 1: Finding out The Correct Keywords

"allergen", "allergy test",
"microfluidic-based immunoassay"
"ImmunoCAP", "MAST"





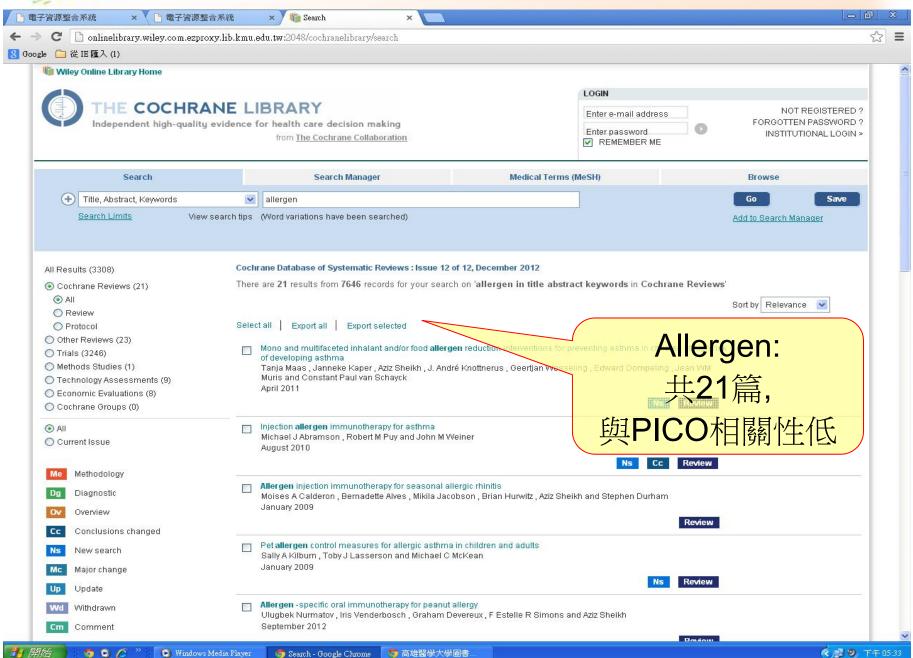
## 搜尋其他Secondary Database和Primary Database



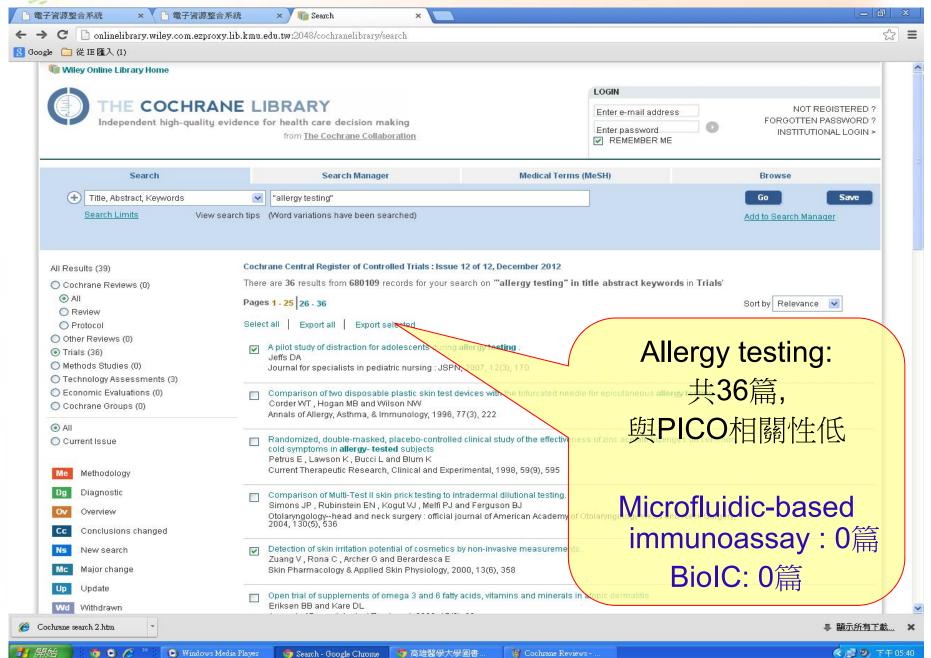














## PubMed文獻搜尋過程與結果

關 鍵 字	篇數
#1 ImmunoCAP (Human)	278
#2 MAST (Human)	19594
#3 microfluidic-based immunoassay or BioIC (Human)	7
#4 microfluidic-based immunoassay or BioIC	18
	Jeanne Yiching Li



## 關鍵字與搜尋過程

<u>Cle</u>

Search	Add to builder	Query	Items found
<u>#11</u>	Add	Search (#8 AND #5) Schema: all	0
<u>#10</u>	Add	Search (#8 AND #5)	0
<u>#9</u>	Add	Search (#8 AND #4)	1
<u>#8</u>	Add	Search microfluidic-based immunoassay or BiolC	18
<u>#7</u>	Add	Search microfluidic-based immunoassay or BiolC Filters: Humans	7
<u>#6</u>	Add	Search microfluidic-based immunoassay Filters: Humans	7
<u>#5</u>	Add	Search MAST Filters: Humans	<u>19594</u>
<u>#4</u>	Add	Search ImmunoCAP Filters: Humans	<u>278</u>
<u>#3</u>	Add	Search allergen screening Filters: Humans	12769
<u>#2</u>	Add	Search allergen screening	<u>15129</u>
<u>#1</u>	Add	Search microfluidic-based immunoassay AND allergen	3





## 搜尋到的論文

#### • Title:

Determination of multiple allergen-specific IgE by microfluidic immunoassay cartridge in clinical settings.

#### Journal:

Pediatr Allergy Immunol 2010: 21: 623–633





- Patient: 3~18 y/o, evaluated in MacKay and NCKU Hospital
- The patient history and PE, SPTs, and blood tests for allergen specific IgE levels were performed as part of standard clinical care.





 Exclusion criteria: currently undergoing allergen immunotherapy, or had taken oral antihistamines within 5 days before performing SPT, with any other systemic diseases that were not suitable to be enrolled in the study.





- The sample size was determined to be 200 evaluable subjects to ensure recruiting at least 40 positive subjects and 40 negative subjects for each of the 9 target allergens.
- Allergy and related medical history of each study subjects were evaluated by allergic specialists (S.D.S. and J.Y.W.).





 213 subjects who met all eligible requirements with at least one positive result of SPT for entry into the study were enrolled into this study for bio-sample collection and 212 of them were considered evaluable.





 Sera were aliquoted into 2 samples and stored at 4C. To prevent any bias between the assay procedures, the BioIC and ImmunoCAP100 testing were analyzed blindly and periodically on the same day by a licensed clinical laboratory.





# 研究方法

 Random numbers instead of real subject identification were assigned to the vials.





# 研究方法

All targets were present in quadruplicate.
 Target intensities were calculated by removing the spot farthest from the mean, averaging the remaining three spots, and subtracting the negative control intensity.





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# 要評讀的論文

#### • Title:

Determination of multiple allergen-specific IgE by microfluidic immunoassay cartridge in clinical settings.

### Journal:

Pediatr Allergy Immunol 2010: 21: 623–633





# Was the diagnostic test evaluated in a Representative spectrum of patients

(評估族群是否具代表性)?

■是	□ 否	□ 不清楚
----	-----	-------

#### 評論:

Children and adolescents from 3 to 18 yr of age who were evaluated at the pediatric allergy and immunology clinics in MacKay Memorial Hospital, Taipei, and National Cheng Kung University Hospital, Tainan, Taiwan. (在2個台灣的醫學中心共收錄212個小兒科病人)



# 受試者過敏性疾病比例

Table 1. Number of subjects with allergic disease history – evaluable population

Allergic symptoms	BiolC® tested (n = 212)
Allergic rhinitis Atopic eczema Asthma Urticaria Allergic conjunctivitis	90.6 (192) 73.1 (155) 52.8 (112) 5.2 (11) 4.7 (10)

Values are expressed as % (n).

mean age: 8.1 ± 3.9 y/o,





# Was the reference standard <u>a</u>scertained regardless of the index test result? (標準診斷

工具做確診時不知道指標診斷工具的結果?)

■是	□ 否	□不清楚
	↓:SPT + History ↓:BioIC and Imn	



# Was there an independent, blind comparison between the index test and an appropriate reference ('gold') standard of diagnosis?

■是	□ 否	□ 不清楚
評論: No randomizati		
	l: <b>SPT + clinical</b> d d ImmunoCAP100	
	dly and periodical	•
day by a licen	sed clinical labora	atory.



# Were the methods for performing the test described in sufficient detail to permit replication?

■是	□否	□不清楚
	eplication and als	•

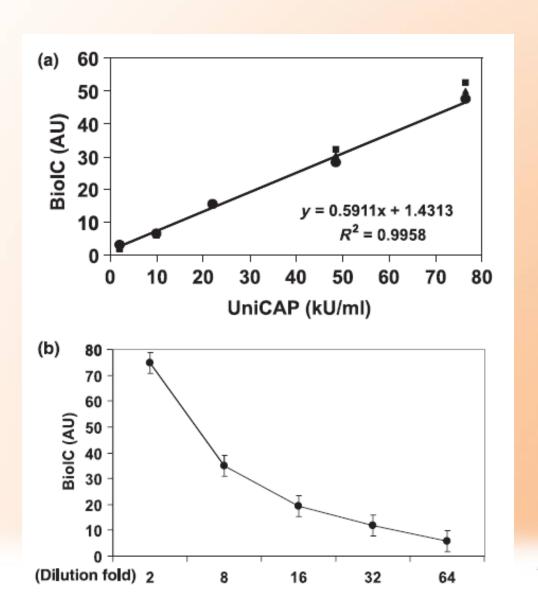


### 選擇的文獻有效回答所問的問題?

■是(部分)	□ 否	□ 不清楚
評論:		
◆.見後面表格		



# BioIC 與CAP對照







### 受試者對9種過敏原呈陽性比例(三種檢驗方法)

Table 2. The number and percentage of subjects with positive results of skin prick test (SPT), BioIC, and ImmunoCAP in evaluable population

Allergens	SPT n = 212	BiolC® n = 212	ImmunoCAP® n = 212
Overall	212 (100.0)	200 (94.3)	168 (79.2)
D. pteronyssinus (D1)	170 (80.2)	171 (80.7)	153 (72.2)
D. farinae (D2)	132 (62.3)	158 (74.5)	147 (69.3)
Blomia tropicalis (D201)	N/A	159 (75.0)	116 (54.7)
German cockroach (I6)	71 (33.5)	36 (17.0)	31 (14.6)
Dog dander (E5)	88 (41.5)	88 (41.5)†	24 (11.3)†
Cat dander (E1)*	103 (48.6)‡§	8 (3.8)‡	9 (4.2)§
Egg white (F1)	42 (19.8)	55 (25.9)†	29 (13.7)†
Milk (F2)	41 (19.3)	42 (19.8)	27 (12.7)
Codfish (F3)*	53 (25.0)‡§	5 (2.4)‡	2 (0.9)§

Values are expressed as n (%).

<sup>\*</sup>p < 0.05, anova test among SPT, BioIC, and ImmunoCAP.

<sup>†</sup>p < 0.05, Student's t-test between BiolC and ImmunoCAP.

<sup>‡</sup>p < 0.05, Student's t-test between SPT and BiolC.</pre>

p < 0.05, Student's *t*-test between SPT and ImmunoCAP.



### 三種檢驗方法的一致性(互相比較)

Table 3. Percentage (95% CI) of agreement between two tests among BiolC®, ImmunoCap®, and skin prick test (SPT)

Allergen	BiolC® and SPT	ImmunoCAP® and SPT	BioIC® and ImmunoCAP®
D. pteronyssinus (D1)	69.3 (62.6–75.5)	72.2 (65.6–78.1)	73.6 (67.1–79.4)
D. farinae (D2) German cockroach (I6)	65.1 (58.2–71.5) 64.6 (57.7–71.1)	67.5 (60.6–73.8) 66.0 (59.2–72.4)	78.8 (72.6–84.1) 75.0 (68.6–80.7)
Dog dander (E5)	52.8 (45.8-59.8)	56.6 (49.6–63.4)	58.5 (51.5-65.2)
Cat dander (E1) Egg white (F1)	51.4 (44.4–58.4) 70.3 (63.6–76.4)	50.9 (44.0–57.9) 75.0 (68.6–80.7)	93.9 (89.7–96.7) 72.6 (66.1–78.6)
Milk (F2)	71.2 (64.6–77.3)	76.4 (70.1–82.0)	73.1 (66.6–79.0)
Codfish (F3)	74.5 (68.1–80.3)	75.0 (68.6–80.7)	96.7 (93.3–98.7)
Overall	64.9 (58.2–71.5)	67.5 (60.6–73.8)	77.8 (71.6–83.3)



# 敏感度與特異性(詳見下頁)

Table 4. Sensitivity and specificity of BiolC and ImmunoCAP compared to skin prick tests

	BiolC® (	n = 212)	ImmunoCAF	ImmunoCAP® (n = 212)	
Allergens	Sensitivity	Specificity	Sensitivity	Specificity	
D. pteronyssinus (D1)	81.2 (138/170)	21.4 (9/42)	77.6 (132/170)	50.0 (21/42)	
D. farinae (D2)	81.8 (108/132)	37.5 (30/80)	79.5 (105/132)	47.5 (38/80)	
German cockroach (I6)	22.5 (16/71)	85.8 (121/141)	21.1 (15/71)	88.7 (125/141)	
Dog dander (E5)*	43.2 (38/88)	59.7 (74/124)	11.4 (10/88)	88.7 (110/124)	
Cat dander (E1)	3.9 (4/103)	96.3 (105/109)	3.9 (4/103)	95.4 (104/109)	
Egg white (F1)	40.5 (17/42)	77.6 (132/170)	21.4 (9/42)	88.2 (150/170)	
Milk (F2)	26.8 (11/41)	81.9 (140/171)	22.0 (9/41)	89.5 (153/171)	
Codfish (F3)	3.8 (2/53)	98.1 (156/159)	1.9 (1/53)	99.4 (158/159)	

Values are expressed as % (n).

<sup>\*</sup>p = 0.012.



## Test characteristics 診斷工具的特性

- Sensitivity (敏感度):
  - 有病者檢驗呈陽性的機率
- Specificity (特異性):
  - 無病者檢驗呈陰性的機率
- Positive likelihood ratio (陽性相似比):
  - 有病者/無病者 檢驗呈陽性的比率 LR+= sens/(1-spec)
- Negative likelihood ratio (陰性相似比):
  - 有病者/無病者 檢驗呈陰性的比率 LR-=(1-sens)/spec





		BiolC				ImmunoCAP		
	Sen	Spe	PLR	NLR	Sen	Spe	PLR	NLR
D. pteronyssinus (D1屋塵蛮)	81.2	21.4	1.03	0.88	77.7	50.0	1.55	0.45
D. farinae (D2 粉塵蛮)	81.8	37.5	1.3	0.49	79.5	47.5	1.51	0.43
German cockroach (I6)	22.5	85.8	1.58	0.9	21.1	88.7	1.97	0.89
Dog dander (E5)*	43.2	59.7	1.07	0.95	11.4	88.7	1.01	0.99

Positive likelihood ratio: ( $\geq 4$  is valuable) Negative likelihood ratio: ( $\leq 0.6$  is useful)





	BiolC				ImmunoCAP			•
	Sen	Spe	PLR	NLR	Sen	Spe	PLR	NLR
Cat dander (E1)	3.9	96.3	1.05	0.99	3.9	95.4	0.85	1.01
Egg white (F1)	40.5	77.6	1.81	0.77	21.4	88.2	1.81	0.89
Milk (F2)	26.8	81.9	1.48	0.89	22	89.5	2.05	0.87
Codfish (F3)	3.8	98.1	2	0.98	1.9	99.4	3.17	<b>0.92</b> hing Lin (1)



### Conclusions

The total and within one-class agreements of each allergen test result between BioIC and ImmunoCAP ranged between 55.2% and 99.5% with an overall average of 80.9%.





### Conclusions

Laboratory testing for slgE can be performed on a fully automated, microfluidic cartridge system with advantages of low sample volume, simultaneously tested allergens, and with diagnostic accuracy for representative allergens equivalent to the semi-automated CAP technology.





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# 第四部分:

# 臨床應用與醫療品質提升

- 一、結合實證醫學的結果、臨床專業 經驗給予病人建議
- 二、結合病人價值,幫助病人做出最後的決定



# 臨床應用

CAP、MAST、BioIC可用於篩檢過敏原。

經查證三種檢驗方式的價格和特性如下表 (健保給付皆為1620點)



項 目 CAP

MAST

BioIC

試劑價格

729.5

835

800+?

總成本

1061

1192

800+?

檢體量

0.35 mL

0.8 mL

0.1 mL

檢驗時間

250test/hr 40test/6hr

40test/2 .5hr

(報告時效: CAP:7天 MAST:5天)

Jeanne Yiching Lin 🚳



# 但廠商沒有說清楚,上述研究也沒做到的部分...

第1頁,共4頁

#### 百敏析特異性過敏原檢測套組 BioIC Allergen Specific-IgE Detection Kit

發行日期 2012/03/01 版本 8.0\_ADCHT 衛署醫器製字 002717 號 本產品限醫師及醫檢師經訓練後使用 僅供體外診斷使用 For In Vitro Diagnostic Use

#### 一、效能 Intended Use

百敏析特異性過敏原檢測套組搭配洹藝光度量測化學分析儀 (Agnitio BioIC Analyzer),用於檢驗人類血清中對過敏原特異性 E 型免疫球蛋白 (Specific IgE) 的體外定量分級試驗。

#### 二、產品簡介 Summary of Product

百敏析特異性過敏原檢測套組結合自動化微流體技術、冷光分析 技術與平行化 IgE 分析技術。分析套組中的百敏析分析卡上包含 用於血清檢體與試劑的注入孔、儲存槽、微流體通道、S 型管道 反應區及廢液儲存槽。高感度的過敏原固定於反應區,用以和檢 體中的蛋白質進行特異性結合反應,可同時平行處理多種過敏原 篩檢。分析卡需搭配與個人電腦連接的洹藝光度量測化學分析 儀,以 LabIT 程式執行分析卡檢驗功能的每個步驟、信號的擷取 分析與檢驗結果的存取。 六、檢驗項目 Items of Detection (Allergen Markers)

百敏析特異性過敏原檢測套組

101. 6. 14

型號(Panel): AD40 可提供下列過敏原檢驗項目

項目	過敏原	代碼
1	壓塵螨 Mite, Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus	D1
2	粉塵螨 Mite, Dermatophagoides farinac	D2
3*	無爪螨 Mite, Blomia tropicalis	D201
4	德國蟑螂 Cockroach, German	16
5	貓毛 Cat Dander	EI
6	狗毛 Dog Dander	E5
7	蛋白 Egg White, Chicken	F1
8	牛奶 Milk, Bovinc	F2
9	鳕魚 Codfish	F3
10*	小麥 Wheat	F4
11*	花生 Peanut	F13
12*	大豆 Soybean	F14
13*	杏仁 Almond	F20
14*	蟹 Crab	F23



# 魔鬼藏在細節裡??

37*	乳酪〈乾酪型〉Cheddar Cheese	F81
38*	奇異果 Kiwi	F84
39*	羊奶 Milk, Goat	F300
40*	乳膠 Latex	K82

\*僅供醫師研究參考





# 第五部分:

用去學術化術語與病人溝通



# 去醫療化的建議

微流體特異性過敏原檢測平台 (BioIC)目前仍無大型研究證實 其偵測過敏原的效果。目前所 發表之報告僅包含廠商宣稱可偵 測40種過敏原中的9種,其中部 分項目檢驗效果不佳。因此建議 等有充分證據後再行引進此檢驗。







# 謝謝聆聽, 敬請指教!



# Comparison study between MAST CLA and OPTIGEN

- American Journal of Rhinology & Allergy
- July–August 2011, Vol. 25, No. 4 p e156-157

Allergen	Group 1, N	1AST-CLA vs Skir (251 patients)	n-Prick Test	Group 2,	Comparison of Correlation		
	No. (%)	of Positivity	Correlation Coefficient	No. (%)	of Positivity	Correlation Coefficient	
	MAST-CLA	Skin-Prick Test		OPTIGEN	Skin-Prick Test		
Dermatophagoides farinae	170 (67.7)	128 (51.0)	0.699	136 (42.6)	144 (45.1)	0.787	p<0.05
Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus	177 (70.5)	121 (48.2)	0.695	142 (44.5)	138 (43.3)	0.797	p<0.01
Dog	80 (31.9)	28 (11.2)	0.206	30 (9.4)	57 (17.9)	0.371	p<0.05
Cat	84 (33.5)	38 (15.1)	0.235	26 (8.2)	53 (16.6)	0.549	p<0.001
Mugwort	35 (13.9)	33 (13.1)	0.544	35 (11.0)	39 (12.2)	0,420	p = 0.06
Birch pollen	60 (23.9)	27 (10.8)	0.423	23 (7.2)	41 (12.9)	0.240	p<0.05
Alternaria	45 (17.9)	14 (5.6)	0.083	2 (0.6)	22 (6.9)	0.301	p<0.01
Aspergillus	56 (22.3)	7 (2.8)	-0.037	1 (0.3)	12 (3.8)	-0.011	p = 0.76



Table 4 Comparison between the MAST-CLA and OPTIGEN tests to CAP Group 4, OPTIGEN vs CAP Allergen Comparison of Group 3, MAST-CLA vs CAP (104 patients) (270 patients) Correlation Number (%) of Positivity Correlation Number (%) of Positivity Correlation Coefficient Coefficient MAST-CLA CAP OPTIGEN CAP p < 0.001Dermatophagoides farinae 75 (72.1) 40 (38.5) 97 (35.9) 0.78487 (32.2) 0.938 Dermatophagoides 95 (35.2) 0.837 0.939 p < 0.00178 (75.0) 45 (43.3) 106 (39.3) pteronyssinus Dog 59 (56.7) 4(3.8)0.170 19 (7.0) 23 (8.5) 0.716 p < 0.001p<0.001 61 (58.7) 7 (6.7) 15 (5.6) Cat 0.40213 (4.8) 0.8640.453 37 (35.6) 20 (19.2) 12 (4.4) p = 0.735Cockroach 0.42129 (10.7) p<0.001 Mugwort 7 (6.7) 0.063 21 (7.8) 21 (7.8) 0.757 9 (8.7)



### Result 2



Database	UpToDate
Title of article	Diagnostic evaluation of food allergy
Content	Skin testing for food-specific IgE is used
	only in the diagnosis of IgE-mediated
	food allergies. Skin testing is more
	sensitive than in vitro testing in many
	cases.
	Jeanne Yiching Lin (15)

Jeanne Yiching Lin



# **Critical Appraisal**

# 文獻評讀

- Validity
  - 研究方法評析以判斷結果之可信與否
- Importance
  - 結果差異的重要性及對臨床的意義
- Practicability
  - 可否用來照顧我的病人

對大量醫學相關訊息的真實性和可用性進行去偽存真, 擷取精華的步驟



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Question type	Study design					
(問題類型)	(研究設計)					
Diagnostic test 診斷性檢驗或檢查						
Prognosis 預後	Cohort study > Case control study > Case series study 世代研究 > 病例對照研究 > 病例系列研究					
Etiology 病因	Cohort study > Case control study > Case series study 世代研究 > 病例對照研究 > 病例系列研究					
Therapy	Randomised control trial (RCT)					
治療	隨機對照試驗					
Prevention	Randomised control trial (RCT)					
預防	隨機對照試驗					
Cost effectiveness	Economic analysis					
成本效益	經濟分析 Jeanne Yiching Lin ②					



Allergen screening results showed 84% agreement for 3 house dust mites (N = 300) compared with a commercial test and 80% agreement overall (N = 978).





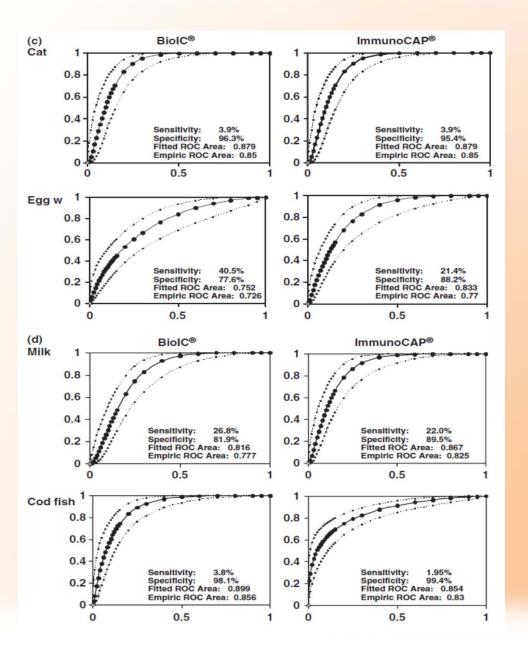
 Average coefficients of variation (N = 80) were measured as 20.5% for low/medium levels and 20.4% for medium/high levels. The average limit of detection (N = 160) was measured at 0.535 AU, and cutoff levels of 1.0 AU were estimated at less than 1 IU/ml (2.4 ng/ml).





 Such a system has potential applications in decentralized allergen screening as well as in other near-patient diagnostic immunoassays where multiplexed analysis, ease of use, and short analysis time are critical.







#### Microfluidic cartridge immunoassay for allergen-specific IgE

Table 5. Agreement between classes of BiolC® and ImmunoCAP®

		BiolC <sup>®</sup>							Total	One-class	
Class		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total	agreement (%)	agreement (%
D. pteronyssinus (D1	)										
ImmunoCAP®	0	22	21	14	2	0	0	0	59	73.6	60.8
	1	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	8		
	2	10	5	6	1	0	0	0	22		
	3	3	10	12	4	0	1	0	30		
	4	2	5	12	11	2	1	0	33		
	5	0	0	3	11	16	2	0	32		
	6	0	0	0	3	7	11	7	28		
	Total	41	45	47	32	25	15	7	212		
D. farinae (D2)	TOTAL		40	47	02	20	10	,	212		
ImmunoCAP®	0	37	16	10	2	0	0	0	65	78.8	55.2
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	1	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	7	70.0	30.2
	2	6	7	6	1	0		0			
					4	1	0	1	20 31		
	3	8	10	6							
	4	1	7	18	10	1	0	1	38		
	5	0	0	9	9	7	1	1	27		
	6	0	0	1	5	6	5	1	24		
	Total	54	44	51	31	15	7	10	212		
Blomia tropicalis (D2											
ImmunoCAP®	0	28	36	23	7	1	1	0	96	56.1	63.7
	1	11	5	2	2	0	0	0	20		
	2	9	11	8	1	0	0	1	30		
	3	4	10	15	5	1	0	1	36		
	4	1	1	5	6	3	0	5	21		
	5	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	5		
	6	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	4		
	Total	53	63	55	25	6	1	9	212		
German cockroach (II		33	03	33	23	0		3	212		
ImmunoCAP®	0	152	15	12	2	0	0	0	181	75.0	89.6
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	1		1	0	0	0	0	0	17	75.0	03.0
		16									
	2	8	1	1	2	0	0	0	12		
	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2		
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total	176	17	15	4	0	0	0	212		
Dog dander (E5)											
ImmunoCAP®	0	112	57	18	1	0	0	0	188	58.5	90.1
	1	10	3	2	0	0	0	0	15		
	2	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	8		
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total	124	64	22	2	0	0	0	212		
Cat dander (E1)	IUtai	124	04	22	2	U	U	U	212		
Cat dander (E1)	0	197	5	1	0	0	0	0	203	93.9	97.6
ImmunoCAP®										93.9	97.0
	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4		
	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3		
	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2		
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Total	204	6	1	1	0	0	0	212		
Egg white (F1)											
ImmunoCAP®	0	141	15	20	3	4	0	0	183	72.6	83.0
	1	9	1	3	1	0	0	0	14		
	2	7	5	2	0	0	0	0	14		
		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	- 3				U	U	U	U			
	3				0	n	0	n	n		
	3 4 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		





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Question type	Study design					
(問題類型)	(研究設計)					
Diagnostic test 診斷性檢驗或檢查	Prospective, blinded cross-sectional study comparing with gold standard 前瞻性、盲法、與黃金標準進行比較之斷面研究					
Prognosis 預後	Cohort study > Case control study > Case series study 世代研究 > 病例對照研究 > 病例系列研究					
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